



API Reference

# Amazon Certificate Manager



API Version 2015-12-08

# Amazon Certificate Manager: API Reference

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# Welcome

Welcome to the Amazon Certificate Manager (ACM) API Reference. This guide provides descriptions, syntax, and usage examples for each ACM API operation.

You can use ACM to manage SSL/TLS certificates for your Amazon-based websites and applications. For general information about using ACM, see the [Amazon Certificate Manager User Guide](#).

Instead of using the ACM API directly, you can use one of the Amazon SDKs or command line tools to interact with the ACM API. These tools are available for a variety of programming languages and platforms. For more information, see [Tools for Amazon Web Services](#).

## **Signing API Requests**

You must sign your API requests to ACM using Signature Version 4. When you use the Amazon SDKs and command line tools, they sign API requests for you. If you do not use these tools, you must calculate the signature yourself. For more information, see [Signature Version 4 Signing Process](#) in the *Amazon Web Services General Reference*.

# Actions

The following actions are supported:

- [AddTagsToCertificate](#)
- [DeleteCertificate](#)
- [DescribeCertificate](#)
- [ExportCertificate](#)
- [GetAccountConfiguration](#)
- [GetCertificate](#)
- [ImportCertificate](#)
- [ListCertificates](#)
- [ListTagsForCertificate](#)
- [PutAccountConfiguration](#)
- [RemoveTagsFromCertificate](#)
- [RenewCertificate](#)
- [RequestCertificate](#)
- [ResendValidationEmail](#)
- [RevokeCertificate](#)
- [UpdateCertificateOptions](#)

# AddTagsToCertificate

Adds one or more tags to an ACM certificate. Tags are labels that you can use to identify and organize your Amazon resources. Each tag consists of a key and an optional value. You specify the certificate on input by its Amazon Resource Name (ARN). You specify the tag by using a key-value pair.

You can apply a tag to just one certificate if you want to identify a specific characteristic of that certificate, or you can apply the same tag to multiple certificates if you want to filter for a common relationship among those certificates. Similarly, you can apply the same tag to multiple resources if you want to specify a relationship among those resources. For example, you can add the same tag to an ACM certificate and an Elastic Load Balancing load balancer to indicate that they are both used by the same website. For more information, see [Tagging ACM certificates](#).

To remove one or more tags, use the [RemoveTagsFromCertificate](#) action. To view all of the tags that have been applied to the certificate, use the [ListTagsForCertificate](#) action.

## Request Syntax

```
{  
    "CertificateArn": "string",  
    "Tags": [  
        {  
            "Key": "string",  
            "Value": "string"  
        }  
    ]  
}
```

## Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see [Common Parameters](#).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

## [CertificateArn](#)

String that contains the ARN of the ACM certificate to which the tag is to be applied. This must be of the form:

`arn:aws:acm:region:123456789012:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012`

For more information about ARNs, see [Amazon Resource Names \(ARNs\)](#).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: `arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:acm:[\w+=/, .@-]*:[0-9]+:[\w+=/, .@-]+(/[\w+=/, .@-]+)*`

Required: Yes

## [Tags](#)

The key-value pair that defines the tag. The tag value is optional.

Type: Array of [Tag](#) objects

Array Members: Minimum number of 1 item. Maximum number of 50 items.

Required: Yes

## **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response with an empty HTTP body.

## **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors](#).

### **InvalidArnException**

The requested Amazon Resource Name (ARN) does not refer to an existing resource.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### **InvalidParameterException**

An input parameter was invalid.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### InvalidTagException

One or both of the values that make up the key-value pair is not valid. For example, you cannot specify a tag value that begins with aws::.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### ResourceNotFoundException

The specified certificate cannot be found in the caller's account or the caller's account cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### TagPolicyException

A specified tag did not comply with an existing tag policy and was rejected.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### ThrottlingException

The request was denied because it exceeded a quota.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### TooManyTagsException

The request contains too many tags. Try the request again with fewer tags.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## Examples

### Add two tags to an ACM certificate

This example illustrates one usage of AddTagsToCertificate.

#### Sample Request

```
POST / HTTP/1.1
Host: acm.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
X-Amz-Target: CertificateManager.AddTagsToCertificate
```

```
X-Amz-Date: 20160414T162438Z
User-Agent: aws-cli/1.10.20 Python/2.7.3 Linux/3.13.0-83-generic botocore/1.4.11
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Authorization: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=AKIAI44QH8DHBEXAMPLE/20160414/us-east-1/acm/
aws4_request,
SignedHeaders=content-type;host;user-agent;x-amz-date;x-amz-target,
Signature=370a583d3532f14e0cb34ea51de782e9e5138171184bfede740f5f150251fa2f

{
    "CertificateArn": "arn:aws:acm:us-
east-1:111122223333:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012",
    "Tags": [{"Key": "website",
        "Value": "example.com"
    },
    {
        "Key": "stack",
        "Value": "production"
    }
]
}
```

## Sample Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
x-amzn-RequestId: 640bd601-025d-11e6-baa2-cd9f4ef8cda6
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Content-Length: 0
Date: Thu, 14 Apr 2016 16:24:41 GMT
```

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon Command Line Interface](#)
- [Amazon SDK for .NET](#)
- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Go v2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for JavaScript V3](#)

- [Amazon SDK for Kotlin](#)
- [Amazon SDK for PHP V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Python](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# DeleteCertificate

Deletes a certificate and its associated private key. If this action succeeds, the certificate is not available for use by Amazon services integrated with ACM. Deleting a certificate is eventually consistent. There may be a short delay before the certificate no longer appears in the list that can be displayed by calling the [ListCertificates](#) action or be retrieved by calling the [GetCertificate](#) action.

## Note

You cannot delete an ACM certificate that is being used by another Amazon service. To delete a certificate that is in use, the certificate association must first be removed.

## Request Syntax

```
{  
    "CertificateArn": "string"  
}
```

## Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see [Common Parameters](#).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

## Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### [CertificateArn](#)

String that contains the ARN of the ACM certificate to be deleted. This must be of the form:

`arn:aws:acm:region:123456789012:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012`

For more information about ARNs, see [Amazon Resource Names \(ARNs\)](#).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: `arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:acm:[\w+=/, .@-]*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@-]+(/[\w+=, .@-]+)*`

Required: Yes

## Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response with an empty HTTP body.

## Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors](#).

### AccessDeniedException

You do not have access required to perform this action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### ConflictException

You are trying to update a resource or configuration that is already being created or updated. Wait for the previous operation to finish and try again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### InvalidArnException

The requested Amazon Resource Name (ARN) does not refer to an existing resource.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### ResourceInUseException

The certificate is in use by another Amazon service in the caller's account. Remove the association and try again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### ResourceNotFoundException

The specified certificate cannot be found in the caller's account or the caller's account cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## ThrottlingException

The request was denied because it exceeded a quota.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## Examples

### Delete an ACM certificate

This example illustrates one usage of DeleteCertificate.

#### Sample Request

```
POST / HTTP/1.1
Host: acm.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
X-Amz-Target: CertificateManager.DeleteCertificate
X-Amz-Date: 20151222T164207Z
User-Agent: aws-cli/1.9.7 Python/2.7.3 Linux/3.13.0-73-generic botocore/1.3.7
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Authorization: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE/20151222/us-east-1/acm/
aws4_request,
SignedHeaders=content-type;host;user-agent;x-amz-date;x-amz-target,
Signature=0b29b04bb5f1ebb5fe9e6b1cbcdeda903b4ed2e06f3abe8a092c0ed1193b4dfc

{
    "CertificateArn": "arn:aws:acm:us-
east-1:11122223333:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012"
}
```

#### Sample Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
x-amzn-RequestId: ee2db085-a8ca-11e5-9561-b3f6248b5775
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Content-Length: 0
Date: Tue, 22 Dec 2015 16:42:03 GMT
```

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon Command Line Interface](#)
- [Amazon SDK for .NET](#)
- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Go v2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for JavaScript V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Kotlin](#)
- [Amazon SDK for PHP V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Python](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# DescribeCertificate

Returns detailed metadata about the specified ACM certificate.

If you have just created a certificate using the RequestCertificate action, there is a delay of several seconds before you can retrieve information about it.

## Request Syntax

```
{  
    "CertificateArn": "string"  
}
```

## Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see [Common Parameters](#).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

 **Note**

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### CertificateArn

The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the ACM certificate. The ARN must have the following form:

arn:aws:acm:region:123456789012:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012

For more information about ARNs, see [Amazon Resource Names \(ARNs\)](#).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:acm:[\w+=/, .@-]\*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@-]+(/[\w+=, .@-]+)\*

Required: Yes

## Response Syntax

```
{  
  "Certificate": {  
    "CertificateArn": "string",  
    "CertificateAuthorityArn": "string",  
    "CreatedAt": number,  
    "DomainName": "string",  
    "DomainValidationOptions": [  
      {  
        "DomainName": "string",  
        "HttpRedirect": {  
          "RedirectFrom": "string",  
          "RedirectTo": "string"  
        },  
        "ResourceRecord": {  
          "Name": "string",  
          "Type": "string",  
          "Value": "string"  
        },  
        "ValidationDomain": "string",  
        "ValidationEmails": [ "string" ],  
        "ValidationMethod": "string",  
        "ValidationStatus": "string"  
      }  
    ],  
    "ExtendedKeyUsages": [  
      {  
        "Name": "string",  
        "OID": "string"  
      }  
    ],  
    "FailureReason": "string",  
    "ImportedAt": number,  
    "InUseBy": [ "string" ],  
    "IssuedAt": number,  
    "Issuer": "string",  
    "KeyAlgorithm": "string",  
    "KeyUsages": [  
      {  
        "Name": "string"  
      }  
    ],  
  },  
}
```

```
"ManagedBy": "string",
"NotAfterNotBefore": "number",
"Options": {
    "CertificateTransparencyLoggingPreference": "string",
    "Export": "string"
},
"RenewalEligibility": "string",
"RenewalSummary": {
    "DomainValidationOptions": [
        {
            "DomainName": "string",
            "HttpRedirect": {
                "RedirectFrom": "string",
                "RedirectTo": "string"
            },
            "ResourceRecord": {
                "Name": "string",
                "Type": "string",
                "Value": "string"
            },
            "ValidationDomain": "string",
            "ValidationEmails": [ "string" ],
            "ValidationMethod": "string",
            "ValidationStatus": "string"
        }
    ],
    "RenewalStatus": "string",
    "RenewalStatusReason": "string",
    "UpdatedAt": "number"
},
"RevocationReason": "string",
"RevokedAt": "number",
"Serial": "string",
"SignatureAlgorithm": "string",
"Status": "string",
"Subject": "string",
"SubjectAlternativeNames": [ "string" ],
"Type": "string"
}
```

## Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### Certificate

Metadata about an ACM certificate.

Type: [CertificateDetail](#) object

## Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors](#).

### **InvalidArnException**

The requested Amazon Resource Name (ARN) does not refer to an existing resource.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### **ResourceNotFoundException**

The specified certificate cannot be found in the caller's account or the caller's account cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## Examples

### Describe an ACM Certificate

This example illustrates one usage of `DescribeCertificate`.

#### Sample Request

```
POST / HTTP/1.1
Host: acm.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
X-Amz-Target: CertificateManager.DescribeCertificate
X-Amz-Date: 20151221T203246Z
```

```
User-Agent: aws-cli/1.9.7 Python/2.7.3 Linux/3.13.0-71-generic botocore/1.3.7
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Authorization: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=AKIAI44QH8DHBEXAMPLE/20151221/us-east-1/acm/
aws4_request,
SignedHeaders=content-type;host;user-agent;x-amz-date;x-amz-target,
Signature=76913a7d6013d34afbd1bbd6c3e77d5edd3fa2d9883a94d946c6eeeaa5908d9e

{
    "CertificateArn": "arn:aws:acm:us-
east-1:111122223333:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012"
}
```

## Sample Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
x-amzn-RequestId: fd1e5a07-a821-11e5-845d-95c070464235
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Content-Length: 1035
Date: Mon, 21 Dec 2015 20:32:43 GMT

{
    "Certificate": {
        "CertificateArn": "arn:aws:acm:us-
east-1:111122223333:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012",
        "CreatedAt": 1450212224.0,
        "DomainName": "example.com",
        "DomainValidationOptions": [
            {
                "DomainName": "example.com",
                "ValidationDomain": "example.com",
                "ValidationEmails": [
                    "hostmaster@example.com",
                    "admin@example.com",
                    "postmaster@example.com",
                    "webmaster@example.com",
                    "administrator@example.com"
                ]
            },
            {
                "DomainName": "www.example.com",
                "ValidationDomain": "www.example.com",
                "ValidationEmails": [
                    "hostmaster@example.com",

```

```
        "admin@example.com",
        "postmaster@example.com",
        "webmaster@example.com",
        "administrator@example.com"
    ],
},
],
"InUseBy": [
    "arn:aws:cloudfront::111122223333:distribution/E12KXPQHVLSYVC"
],
"IssuedAt": 1450212292.0,
"Issuer": "Amazon",
"KeyAlgorithm": "RSA-2048",
"NotAfter": 1484481600.0,
"NotBefore": 1450137600.0,
"Renewal Elegibility": "ELIGIBLE",
"RenewalSummary": {
    "DomainValidationOptions": [
        {
            "DomainName": "www.example.com",
            "ResourceRecord": {
                "Name": "example",
                "Type": "CNAME",
                "Value": "example"
            },
            "ValidationDomain": "www.amazon.com",
            "ValidationEmails": [ "example@amazon.com" ],
            "ValidationMethod": "DNS",
            "ValidationStatus": "SUCCESS"
        }
    ],
    "RenewalStatus": "SUCCESS",
    "UpdatedAt": 1450212224.0
},
"Serial": "07:71:71:f4:6b:e7:bf:63:87:e6:ad:3c:b2:0f:d0:5b",
"SignatureAlgorithm": "SHA256WITHRSA",
>Status": "ISSUED",
"Subject": "CN=example.com",
"SubjectAlternativeNames": [
    "example.com",
    "www.example.com"
]
}
```

{}

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon Command Line Interface](#)
- [Amazon SDK for .NET](#)
- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Go v2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for JavaScript V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Kotlin](#)
- [Amazon SDK for PHP V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Python](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# ExportCertificate

Exports a private certificate issued by a private certificate authority (CA) or a public certificate for use anywhere. The exported file contains the certificate, the certificate chain, and the encrypted private key associated with the public key that is embedded in the certificate. For security, you must assign a passphrase for the private key when exporting it.

For information about exporting and formatting a certificate using the ACM console or Amazon CLI, see [Export a private certificate](#) and [Export a public certificate](#).

 **Note**

ACM public certificates created prior to June 17, 2025 cannot be exported.

## Request Syntax

```
{  
  "CertificateArn": "string",  
  "Passphrase": blob  
}
```

## Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see [Common Parameters](#).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

 **Note**

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### [CertificateArn](#)

An Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the issued certificate. This must be of the form:

arn:aws:acm:region:account:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:acm:[\w+=/, .@-]\*:[0-9]+:[\w+=/, .@-]+(/[\w+=/, .@-]+)\*

Required: Yes

## Passphrase

Passphrase to associate with the encrypted exported private key.

 **Note**

When creating your passphrase, you can use any ASCII character except #, \$, or %.

If you want to later decrypt the private key, you must have the passphrase. You can use the following OpenSSL command to decrypt a private key. After entering the command, you are prompted for the passphrase.

```
openssl rsa -in encrypted_key.pem -out decrypted_key.pem
```

Type: Base64-encoded binary data object

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 4. Maximum length of 128.

Required: Yes

## Response Syntax

```
{
  "Certificate": "string",
  "CertificateChain": "string",
  "PrivateKey": "string"
}
```

## Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

## Certificate

The base64 PEM-encoded certificate.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 32768.

Pattern: -{5}BEGIN CERTIFICATE-{5}\u000D?\u000A([A-Za-z0-9/+]{64})\u000D?\u000A)\*[A-Za-z0-9/+]{1,64}={0,2}\u000D?\u000A-{5}END CERTIFICATE-{5}(\u000D?\u000A)?

## CertificateChain

The base64 PEM-encoded certificate chain. This does not include the certificate that you are exporting.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 2097152.

Pattern: (-{5}BEGIN CERTIFICATE-{5}\u000D?\u000A([A-Za-z0-9/+]{64})\u000D?\u000A)\*[A-Za-z0-9/+]{1,64}={0,2}\u000D?\u000A-{5}END CERTIFICATE-{5}\u000D?\u000A)\*-{5}BEGIN CERTIFICATE-{5}\u000D?\u000A([A-Za-z0-9/+]{64})\u000D?\u000A)\*[A-Za-z0-9/+]{1,64}={0,2}\u000D?\u000A-{5}END CERTIFICATE-{5}(\u000D?\u000A)?

## PrivateKey

The encrypted private key associated with the public key in the certificate. The key is output in PKCS #8 format and is base64 PEM-encoded.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 524288.

Pattern: -{5}BEGIN PRIVATE KEY-{5}\u000D?\u000A([A-Za-z0-9/+]{64})\u000D?\u000A)\*[A-Za-z0-9/+]{1,64}={0,2}\u000D?\u000A-{5}END PRIVATE KEY-{5}(\u000D?\u000A)?

## Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors](#).

## InvalidArnException

The requested Amazon Resource Name (ARN) does not refer to an existing resource.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## RequestInProgressException

The certificate request is in process and the certificate in your account has not yet been issued.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## ResourceNotFoundException

The specified certificate cannot be found in the caller's account or the caller's account cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## Examples

### Example

This example illustrates one usage of ExportCertificate.

### Sample Request

```
POST / HTTP/1.1
Host: acm.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
Accept-Encoding: identity
Content-Length: 135
X-Amz-Target: CertificateManager.ExportCertificate
X-Amz-Date: 20180331T175638Z
User-Agent: aws-cli/1.14.28 Python/2.7.9 Windows/8 botocore/1.8.32
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Authorization: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=key_ID/20180331/us-east-1/acm/aws4_request,
SignedHeaders=content-type;host;x-amz-date;x-amz-target,
Signature=7b3f783da1b701aea1b6b49dea7d5194d7e2b253f152cfb939459ba3b0ba2c1d

{
    "CertificateArn": "arn:aws:acm:us-
east-1:account:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-1234556789012",
    "Passphrase": "cGFzc3dvcmQ="
```

```
}
```

## Sample Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
x-amzn-RequestId: dd520651-350c-11e8-a99a-c76ec78904bf
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Content-Length: 5860
Date: Sat, 31 Mar 2018 17:56:41 GMT
Connection: Keep-alive

{
    "Certificate": "-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----Base64-encodedEND CERTIFICATE-----",
    "CertificateChain": "-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----Base64-encodedEND CERTIFICATE-----  
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----Base64-encodedEND CERTIFICATE-----",
    "PrivateKey": "-----BEGIN ENCRYPTED PRIVATE KEYBase64-encoded-----END ENCRYPTED PRIVATE KEY-----"
}
```

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon Command Line Interface](#)
- [Amazon SDK for .NET](#)
- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Go v2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for JavaScript V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Kotlin](#)
- [Amazon SDK for PHP V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Python](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# GetAccountConfiguration

Returns the account configuration options associated with an Amazon account.

## Response Syntax

```
{  
    "ExpiryEvents": {  
        "DaysBeforeExpiry": number  
    }  
}
```

## Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### [ExpiryEvents](#)

Expiration events configuration options associated with the Amazon account.

Type: [ExpiryEventsConfiguration](#) object

## Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors](#).

### **AccessDeniedException**

You do not have access required to perform this action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### **ThrottlingException**

The request was denied because it exceeded a quota.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon Command Line Interface](#)
- [Amazon SDK for .NET](#)
- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Go v2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for JavaScript V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Kotlin](#)
- [Amazon SDK for PHP V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Python](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# GetCertificate

Retrieves a certificate and its certificate chain. The certificate may be either a public or private certificate issued using the ACM RequestCertificate action, or a certificate imported into ACM using the ImportCertificate action. The chain consists of the certificate of the issuing CA and the intermediate certificates of any other subordinate CAs. All of the certificates are base64 encoded. You can use [OpenSSL](#) to decode the certificates and inspect individual fields.

## Request Syntax

```
{  
    "CertificateArn": "string"  
}
```

## Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see [Common Parameters](#).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### CertificateArn

String that contains a certificate ARN in the following format:

arn:aws:acm:region:123456789012:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012

For more information about ARNs, see [Amazon Resource Names \(ARNs\)](#).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:acm:[\w+=/, .@-]\*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@-]+(/[\w+=, .@-]+)\*

Required: Yes

## Response Syntax

```
{  
  "Certificate": "string",  
  "CertificateChain": "string"  
}
```

## Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### Certificate

The ACM-issued certificate corresponding to the ARN specified as input.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 32768.

Pattern: -{5}BEGIN CERTIFICATE-{5}\u000D?\u000A([A-Za-z0-9/+]{64})\u000D?  
\u000A)\*[A-Za-z0-9/+]{1,64}={0,2}\u000D?\u000A-{5}END CERTIFICATE-{5}  
(\u000D?\u000A)?

### CertificateChain

Certificates forming the requested certificate's chain of trust. The chain consists of the certificate of the issuing CA and the intermediate certificates of any other subordinate CAs.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 2097152.

Pattern: (-{5}BEGIN CERTIFICATE-{5}\u000D?\u000A([A-Za-z0-9/+]{64})\u000D?  
\u000A)\*[A-Za-z0-9/+]{1,64}={0,2}\u000D?\u000A-{5}END CERTIFICATE-  
{5}\u000D?\u000A)\*-{5}BEGIN CERTIFICATE-{5}\u000D?\u000A([A-Za-z0-9/  
+]{64})\u000D?\u000A)\*[A-Za-z0-9/+]{1,64}={0,2}\u000D?\u000A-{5}END  
CERTIFICATE-{5}(\u000D?\u000A)?

## Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors](#).

### InvalidArnException

The requested Amazon Resource Name (ARN) does not refer to an existing resource.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### RequestInProgressException

The certificate request is in process and the certificate in your account has not yet been issued.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### ResourceNotFoundException

The specified certificate cannot be found in the caller's account or the caller's account cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## Examples

### Get an ACM Certificate

This example illustrates one usage of GetCertificate.

### Sample Request

```
POST / HTTP/1.1
Host: acm.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
X-Amz-Target: CertificateManager.GetCertificate
X-Amz-Date: 20151221T210018Z
User-Agent: aws-cli/1.9.7 Python/2.7.3 Linux/3.13.0-71-generic botocore/1.3.7
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Authorization: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=AKIAI44QH8DHBEXAMPLE/20151221/us-east-1/acm/
aws4_request,
SignedHeaders=content-type;host;user-agent;x-amz-date;x-amz-target,
Signature=b51b4c2d5518473a8552fdab8e313c76254e9ca64e4d8ab69c2ebef83dbd459b

{
```

```
"CertificateArn": "arn:aws:acm:us-
east-1:111122223333:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012"
}
```

## Sample Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
x-amzn-RequestId: d5300b5a-a825-11e5-9141-fbb8a078e3eb
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Content-Length: 6506
Date: Mon, 21 Dec 2015 21:00:15 GMT

{
  "Certificate": "-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----Base64-encoded-----END CERTIFICATE-----",
  "CertificateChain": [
    "-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----Base64-encoded-----END CERTIFICATE-----",
    "-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----Base64-encoded-----END CERTIFICATE-----",
    "-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----Base64-encoded-----END CERTIFICATE-----"
  ]
}
```

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon Command Line Interface](#)
- [Amazon SDK for .NET](#)
- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Go v2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for JavaScript V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Kotlin](#)
- [Amazon SDK for PHP V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Python](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# ImportCertificate

Imports a certificate into Amazon Certificate Manager (ACM) to use with services that are integrated with ACM. Note that [integrated services](#) allow only certificate types and keys they support to be associated with their resources. Further, their support differs depending on whether the certificate is imported into IAM or into ACM. For more information, see the documentation for each service. For more information about importing certificates into ACM, see [Importing Certificates](#) in the *Amazon Certificate Manager User Guide*.

 **Note**

ACM does not provide [managed renewal](#) for certificates that you import.

Note the following guidelines when importing third party certificates:

- You must enter the private key that matches the certificate you are importing.
- The private key must be unencrypted. You cannot import a private key that is protected by a password or a passphrase.
- The private key must be no larger than 5 KB (5,120 bytes).
- The certificate, private key, and certificate chain must be PEM-encoded.
- The current time must be between the Not Before and Not After certificate fields.
- The Issuer field must not be empty.
- The OCSP authority URL, if present, must not exceed 1000 characters.
- To import a new certificate, omit the `CertificateArn` argument. Include this argument only when you want to replace a previously imported certificate.
- When you import a certificate by using the CLI, you must specify the certificate, the certificate chain, and the private key by their file names preceded by `fileb://`. For example, you can specify a certificate saved in the `C:\temp` folder as `fileb://C:\temp\certificate_to_import.pem`. If you are making an HTTP or HTTPS Query request, include these arguments as BLOBs.
- When you import a certificate by using an SDK, you must specify the certificate, the certificate chain, and the private key files in the manner required by the programming language you're using.

- The cryptographic algorithm of an imported certificate must match the algorithm of the signing CA. For example, if the signing CA key type is RSA, then the certificate key type must also be RSA.

This operation returns the [Amazon Resource Name \(ARN\)](#) of the imported certificate.

## Request Syntax

```
{  
    "Certificate": blob,  
    "CertificateArn": "string",  
    "CertificateChain": blob,  
    "PrivateKey": blob,  
    "Tags": [  
        {  
            "Key": "string",  
            "Value": "string"  
        }  
    ]  
}
```

## Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see [Common Parameters](#).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### Certificate

The certificate to import.

Type: Base64-encoded binary data object

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 32768.

Required: Yes

## PrivateKey

The private key that matches the public key in the certificate.

Type: Base64-encoded binary data object

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 5120.

Required: Yes

## CertificateArn

The [Amazon Resource Name \(ARN\)](#) of an imported certificate to replace. To import a new certificate, omit this field.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:acm:[\w+=/, .@-]\*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@-]+(/[\w+=, .@-]+)\*

Required: No

## CertificateChain

The PEM encoded certificate chain.

Type: Base64-encoded binary data object

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 2097152.

Required: No

## Tags

One or more resource tags to associate with the imported certificate.

Note: You cannot apply tags when reimporting a certificate.

Type: Array of [Tag](#) objects

Array Members: Minimum number of 1 item. Maximum number of 50 items.

Required: No

## Response Syntax

```
{  
    "CertificateArn": "string"  
}
```

## Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### [CertificateArn](#)

The [Amazon Resource Name \(ARN\)](#) of the imported certificate.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:acm:[\w+=/, .@-]\*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@-]+(/[\w+=, .@-]+)\*

## Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors](#).

### **InvalidArnException**

The requested Amazon Resource Name (ARN) does not refer to an existing resource.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### **InvalidParameterException**

An input parameter was invalid.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### **InvalidTagException**

One or both of the values that make up the key-value pair is not valid. For example, you cannot specify a tag value that begins with aws:.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### **LimitExceeded**Exception****

An ACM quota has been exceeded.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### **ResourceNotFoundException**

The specified certificate cannot be found in the caller's account or the caller's account cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### **TagPolicyException**

A specified tag did not comply with an existing tag policy and was rejected.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### **TooManyTagsException**

The request contains too many tags. Try the request again with fewer tags.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## **Examples**

### **Import a certificate**

This example illustrates one usage of ImportCertificate.

#### **Sample Request**

```
POST / HTTP/1.1
Host: acm.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
X-Amz-Target: CertificateManager.ImportCertificate
X-Amz-Date: 20161011T184744Z
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Authorization: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=key_ID/20161011/us-east-1/acm/aws4_request,
SignedHeaders=content-type;host;x-amz-date;x-amz-target,
Signature=60f965247476c4672c498c24ba255e52a62a7e4bd8678d8ee788af5ffe42f377

{
```

```
"CertificateChain": "Base64-encoded blob",
"PrivateKey": "Base64-encoded blob",
"Certificate": "Base64-encoded blob"
}
```

## Sample Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
x-amzn-RequestId: 32f9ab0a-8fe3-11e6-8d69-c91606b24a3f
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Content-Length: 104
Date: Tue, 11 Oct 2016 18:47:46 GMT

{"CertificateArn":"arn:aws:acm:us-east-1:111122223333:certificate/91228a40-
ad89-4ce0-9f6c-07009fc8fdfb"}
```

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon Command Line Interface](#)
- [Amazon SDK for .NET](#)
- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Go v2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for JavaScript V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Kotlin](#)
- [Amazon SDK for PHP V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Python](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# ListCertificates

Retrieves a list of certificate ARNs and domain names. You can request that only certificates that match a specific status be listed. You can also filter by specific attributes of the certificate. Default filtering returns only RSA\_2048 certificates. For more information, see [Filters](#).

## Request Syntax

```
{  
    "CertificateStatuses": [ "string" ],  
    "Includes": {  
        "exportOption": "string",  
        "extendedKeyUsage": [ "string" ],  
        "keyTypes": [ "string" ],  
        "keyUsage": [ "string" ],  
        "managedBy": "string"  
    },  
    "MaxItems": number,  
    "NextToken": "string",  
    "SortBy": "string",  
    "SortOrder": "string"  
}
```

## Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see [Common Parameters](#).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### [CertificateStatuses](#)

Filter the certificate list by status value.

Type: Array of strings

Valid Values: PENDING\_VALIDATION | ISSUED | INACTIVE | EXPIRED | VALIDATION\_TIMED\_OUT | REVOKED | FAILED

Required: No

## Includes

Filter the certificate list. For more information, see the [Filters](#) structure.

Type: [Filters](#) object

Required: No

## MaxItems

Use this parameter when paginating results to specify the maximum number of items to return in the response. If additional items exist beyond the number you specify, the NextToken element is sent in the response. Use this NextToken value in a subsequent request to retrieve additional items.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1. Maximum value of 1000.

Required: No

## NextToken

Use this parameter only when paginating results and only in a subsequent request after you receive a response with truncated results. Set it to the value of NextToken from the response you just received.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 10000.

Pattern: [\u0009\u000A\u000D\u0020-\u00FF]\*

Required: No

## SortBy

Specifies the field to sort results by. If you specify SortBy, you must also specify SortOrder.

Type: String

Valid Values: CREATED\_AT

Required: No

### SortOrder

Specifies the order of sorted results. If you specify SortOrder, you must also specify SortBy.

Type: String

Valid Values: ASCENDING | DESCENDING

Required: No

## Response Syntax

```
{
  "CertificateSummaryList": [
    {
      "CertificateArn": "string",
      "CreatedAt": number,
      "DomainName": "string",
      "Exported": boolean,
      "ExportOption": "string",
      "ExtendedKeyUsages": [ "string" ],
      "HasAdditionalSubjectAlternativeNames": boolean,
      "ImportedAt": number,
      "InUse": boolean,
      "IssuedAt": number,
      "KeyAlgorithm": "string",
      "KeyUsages": [ "string" ],
      "ManagedBy": "string",
      "NotAfter": number,
      "NotBefore": number,
      "RenewalEligibility": "string",
      "RevokedAt": number,
      "Status": "string",
      "SubjectAlternativeNameSummaries": [ "string" ],
      "Type": "string"
    }
  ],
  "NextToken": "string"
}
```

## Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### [CertificateSummaryList](#)

A list of ACM certificates.

Type: Array of [CertificateSummary](#) objects

### [NextToken](#)

When the list is truncated, this value is present and contains the value to use for the NextToken parameter in a subsequent pagination request.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 10000.

Pattern: [\u0009\u000A\u000D\u0020-\u00FF]\*

## Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors](#).

### **InvalidArgumentException**

One or more of request parameters specified is not valid.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### **ValidationException**

The supplied input failed to satisfy constraints of an Amazon service.

HTTP Status Code: 400

# Examples

## List Certificates

The following example lists certificates that you can use to create digital signatures and to sign code.

### Sample Request

```
POST / HTTP/1.1
Host: acm.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
Accept-Encoding: identity
Content-Length: 129
X-Amz-Target: CertificateManager.ListCertificates
X-Amz-Date: 20171118T204928Z
User-Agent: aws-cli/1.11.132 Python/2.7.9 Windows/8 botocore/1.5.95
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Authorization: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=key_ID/20171118/us-east-1/acm/aws4_request,
SignedHeaders=content-type;host;x-amz-date;x-amz-target,
Signature=49a54...
{
    "MaxItems": 10,
    "Includes": {
        "keyUsage": ["DIGITAL_SIGNATURE"],
        "keyTypes": ["RSA_2048"],
        "extendedKeyUsage": ["CODE_SIGNING"]
    }
}
```

### Sample Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
x-amzn-RequestId: fa8ffa7f-cca1-11e7-80db-736b2201613a
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Content-Length: 164
Date: Sat, 18 Nov 2017 20:49:32 GMT
Connection: Keep-alive
```

```
{"CertificateSummaryList": [  
    {  
        "CertificateArn":  
        "arn:aws:acm:region:account:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012",  
        "DomainName": "www.example.com"  
    },  
    {  
        "CertificateArn":  
        "arn:aws:acm:region:account:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012",  
        "DomainName": "www.corp.net"  
    }  
]
```

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon Command Line Interface](#)
- [Amazon SDK for .NET](#)
- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Go v2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for JavaScript V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Kotlin](#)
- [Amazon SDK for PHP V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Python](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# ListTagsForCertificate

Lists the tags that have been applied to the ACM certificate. Use the certificate's Amazon Resource Name (ARN) to specify the certificate. To add a tag to an ACM certificate, use the [AddTagsToCertificate](#) action. To delete a tag, use the [RemoveTagsFromCertificate](#) action.

## Request Syntax

```
{  
    "CertificateArn": "string"  
}
```

## Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see [Common Parameters](#).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### [CertificateArn](#)

String that contains the ARN of the ACM certificate for which you want to list the tags. This must have the following form:

arn:aws:acm:region:123456789012:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012

For more information about ARNs, see [Amazon Resource Names \(ARNs\)](#).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:acm:[\w+=/, .@-]\*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@-]+(/[\w+=, .@-]+)\*

Required: Yes

## Response Syntax

```
{  
    "Tags": [  
        {  
            "Key": "string",  
            "Value": "string"  
        }  
    ]  
}
```

## Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### Tags

The key-value pairs that define the applied tags.

Type: Array of [Tag](#) objects

Array Members: Minimum number of 1 item. Maximum number of 50 items.

## Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors](#).

### **InvalidArnException**

The requested Amazon Resource Name (ARN) does not refer to an existing resource.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### **ResourceNotFoundException**

The specified certificate cannot be found in the caller's account or the caller's account cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## Examples

### List tags for an ACM Certificate

This example illustrates one usage of `ListTagsForCertificate`.

#### Sample Request

```
POST / HTTP/1.1
Host: acm.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
X-Amz-Target: CertificateManager.ListTagsForCertificate
X-Amz-Date: 20160414T162913Z
User-Agent: aws-cli/1.10.20 Python/2.7.3 Linux/3.13.0-83-generic botocore/1.4.11
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Authorization: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=key_ID/20160414/us-east-1/acm/aws4_request,
SignedHeaders=content-type;host;user-agent;x-amz-date;x-amz-target,
Signature=c1b80f2b1b6c73c39e1a9594e621648e673b1419101809239b9a5dd8c397953a

{"CertificateArn": "arn:aws:acm:us-
east-1:111122223333:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012"}
```

#### Sample Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
x-amzn-RequestId: 07c10419-025e-11e6-baa2-cd9f4ef8cda6
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Content-Length: 87
Date: Thu, 14 Apr 2016 16:29:16 GMT

{
  "Tags": [
    {
      "Key": "stack",
      "Value": "production"
    },
    {
      "Key": "website",
      "Value": "example.com"
    }
  ]
}
```

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon Command Line Interface](#)
- [Amazon SDK for .NET](#)
- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Go v2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for JavaScript V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Kotlin](#)
- [Amazon SDK for PHP V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Python](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# PutAccountConfiguration

Adds or modifies account-level configurations in ACM.

The supported configuration option is DaysBeforeExpiry. This option specifies the number of days prior to certificate expiration when ACM starts generating EventBridge events. ACM sends one event per day per certificate until the certificate expires. By default, accounts receive events starting 45 days before certificate expiration.

## Request Syntax

```
{  
    "ExpiryEvents": {  
        "DaysBeforeExpiry": number  
    },  
    "IdempotencyToken": "string"  
}
```

## Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see [Common Parameters](#).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### [IdempotencyToken](#)

Customer-chosen string used to distinguish between calls to PutAccountConfiguration. Idempotency tokens time out after one hour. If you call PutAccountConfiguration multiple times with the same unexpired idempotency token, ACM treats it as the same request and returns the original result. If you change the idempotency token for each call, ACM treats each call as a new request.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 32.

Pattern: \w+

Required: Yes

## [ExpiryEvents](#)

Specifies expiration events associated with an account.

Type: [ExpiryEventsConfiguration](#) object

Required: No

## Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response with an empty HTTP body.

## Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors](#).

### **AccessDeniedException**

You do not have access required to perform this action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### **ConflictException**

You are trying to update a resource or configuration that is already being created or updated. Wait for the previous operation to finish and try again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### **ThrottlingException**

The request was denied because it exceeded a quota.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### **ValidationException**

The supplied input failed to satisfy constraints of an Amazon service.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon Command Line Interface](#)
- [Amazon SDK for .NET](#)
- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Go v2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for JavaScript V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Kotlin](#)
- [Amazon SDK for PHP V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Python](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# RemoveTagsFromCertificate

Remove one or more tags from an ACM certificate. A tag consists of a key-value pair. If you do not specify the value portion of the tag when calling this function, the tag will be removed regardless of value. If you specify a value, the tag is removed only if it is associated with the specified value.

To add tags to a certificate, use the [AddTagsToCertificate](#) action. To view all of the tags that have been applied to a specific ACM certificate, use the [ListTagsForCertificate](#) action.

## Request Syntax

```
{  
    "CertificateArn": "string",  
    "Tags": [  
        {  
            "Key": "string",  
            "Value": "string"  
        }  
    ]  
}
```

## Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see [Common Parameters](#).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### [CertificateArn](#)

String that contains the ARN of the ACM Certificate with one or more tags that you want to remove. This must be of the form:

arn:aws:acm:region:123456789012:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012

For more information about ARNs, see [Amazon Resource Names \(ARNs\)](#).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:acm:[\w+=/, .@-]\*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@-]+(/[\w+=, .@-]+)\*

Required: Yes

## Tags

The key-value pair that defines the tag to remove.

Type: Array of [Tag](#) objects

Array Members: Minimum number of 1 item. Maximum number of 50 items.

Required: Yes

## Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response with an empty HTTP body.

## Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors](#).

### **InvalidArnException**

The requested Amazon Resource Name (ARN) does not refer to an existing resource.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### **InvalidParameterException**

An input parameter was invalid.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### **InvalidTagException**

One or both of the values that make up the key-value pair is not valid. For example, you cannot specify a tag value that begins with aws:.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### ResourceNotFoundException

The specified certificate cannot be found in the caller's account or the caller's account cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### TagPolicyException

A specified tag did not comply with an existing tag policy and was rejected.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### ThrottlingException

The request was denied because it exceeded a quota.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## Examples

### Remove two tags from an ACM certificate

This example illustrates one usage of RemoveTagsFromCertificate.

#### Sample Request

```
POST / HTTP/1.1
Host: acm.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
X-Amz-Target: CertificateManager.RemoveTagsFromCertificate
X-Amz-Date: 20160414T163042Z
User-Agent: aws-cli/1.10.20 Python/2.7.3 Linux/3.13.0-83-generic botocore/1.4.11
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Authorization: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=AKIAI44QH8DHBEEXAMPLE/20160414/us-east-1/acm/
aws4_request,
SignedHeaders=content-type;host;user-agent;x-amz-date;x-amz-target,
Signature=379429306c5e89b9b4be5b35e29c26cc1da38215d8055a5ed0bdda57bcc881cc

{
    "CertificateArn": "arn:aws:acm:us-
east-1:111122223333:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012",
    "Tags": [{"
```

```
        "Key": "website",
        "Value": "example.com"
    },
    {
        "Key": "stack",
        "Value": "production"
    ]
}
```

## Sample Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
x-amzn-RequestId: 3c8d676d-025e-11e6-8823-93164b47113c
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Content-Length: 0
Date: Thu, 14 Apr 2016 16:30:44 GMT
```

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon Command Line Interface](#)
- [Amazon SDK for .NET](#)
- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Go v2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for JavaScript V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Kotlin](#)
- [Amazon SDK for PHP V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Python](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# RenewCertificate

Renews an [eligible ACM certificate](#). In order to renew your Amazon Private CA certificates with ACM, you must first [grant the ACM service principal permission to do so](#). For more information, see [Testing Managed Renewal](#) in the ACM User Guide.

## Request Syntax

```
{  
    "CertificateArn": "string"  
}
```

## Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see [Common Parameters](#).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

 **Note**

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### CertificateArn

String that contains the ARN of the ACM certificate to be renewed. This must be of the form:

arn:aws:acm:region:123456789012:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-1234567890

For more information about ARNs, see [Amazon Resource Names \(ARNs\)](#).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:acm:[\w+=/, .@-]\*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@-]+(/[\w+=, .@-]+)\*

Required: Yes

## Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response with an empty HTTP body.

## Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors](#).

### InvalidArnException

The requested Amazon Resource Name (ARN) does not refer to an existing resource.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### RequestInProgressException

The certificate request is in process and the certificate in your account has not yet been issued.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### ResourceNotFoundException

The specified certificate cannot be found in the caller's account or the caller's account cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## Examples

### Renew an ACM Certificate

This example illustrates one usage of RenewCertificate.

#### Sample Request

```
POST / HTTP/1.1
Host: acm.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
X-Amz-Target: CertificateManager.RenewCertificate
X-Amz-Date: 20190124T171503Z
User-Agent: aws-cli/1.10.20 Python/2.7.3 Linux/3.13.0-83-generic botocore/1.4.11
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Authorization: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=AKIAI44QH8DHBEXAMPLE/20160414/us-east-1/acm/
aws4_request,
```

```
SignedHeaders=content-type;host;user-agent;x-amz-date;x-amz-target,  
Signature=379429306c5e89b9b4be5b35e29c26cc1da38215d8055a5ed0bdda57bcc881cc  
  
{  
    "CertificateArn": "arn:aws:acm:us-  
east-1:111122223333:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012"  
}
```

## Sample Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK  
x-amzn-RequestId: 3c8d676d-025e-11e6-8823-93164b47113c  
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1  
Content-Length: 0  
Date: Thu, 24 Jan 2019 17:15:05 GMT
```

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon Command Line Interface](#)
- [Amazon SDK for .NET](#)
- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Go v2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for JavaScript V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Kotlin](#)
- [Amazon SDK for PHP V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Python](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# RequestCertificate

Requests an ACM certificate for use with other Amazon Web Services services. To request an ACM certificate, you must specify a fully qualified domain name (FQDN) in the `DomainName` parameter. You can also specify additional FQDNs in the `SubjectAlternativeNames` parameter.

If you are requesting a private certificate, domain validation is not required. If you are requesting a public certificate, each domain name that you specify must be validated to verify that you own or control the domain. You can use [DNS validation](#) or [email validation](#). We recommend that you use DNS validation.

## Note

ACM behavior differs from the [RFC 6125](#) specification of the certificate validation process. ACM first checks for a Subject Alternative Name, and, if it finds one, ignores the common name (CN).

After successful completion of the `RequestCertificate` action, there is a delay of several seconds before you can retrieve information about the new certificate.

## Request Syntax

```
{  
    "CertificateAuthorityArn": "string",  
    "DomainName": "string",  
    "DomainValidationOptions": [  
        {  
            "DomainName": "string",  
            "ValidationDomain": "string"  
        }  
    ],  
    "IdempotencyToken": "string",  
    "KeyAlgorithm": "string",  
    "ManagedBy": "string",  
    "Options": {  
        "CertificateTransparencyLoggingPreference": "string",  
        "Export": "string"  
    },  
    "SubjectAlternativeNames": [ "string" ],  
}
```

```
"Tags": [  
    {  
        "Key        "Value": "string"  
    }  
,  
    "ValidationMethod": "string"  
}]
```

## Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see [Common Parameters](#).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

 **Note**

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### DomainName

Fully qualified domain name (FQDN), such as www.example.com, that you want to secure with an ACM certificate. Use an asterisk (\*) to create a wildcard certificate that protects several sites in the same domain. For example, \*.example.com protects www.example.com, site.example.com, and images.example.com.

In compliance with [RFC 5280](#), the length of the domain name (technically, the Common Name) that you provide cannot exceed 64 octets (characters), including periods. To add a longer domain name, specify it in the Subject Alternative Name field, which supports names up to 253 octets in length.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 253.

Pattern: `(\*\.\.)?(((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]\{0,62\}[A-Za-z0-9])\.\.)+((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]\{1,62\}[A-Za-z0-9])`

Required: Yes

## CertificateAuthorityArn

The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the private certificate authority (CA) that will be used to issue the certificate. If you do not provide an ARN and you are trying to request a private certificate, ACM will attempt to issue a public certificate. For more information about private CAs, see the [Amazon Private Certificate Authority](#) user guide. The ARN must have the following form:

```
arn:aws:acm-pca:region:account:certificate-authority/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012
```

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: `arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:acm-pca:[\w+=/, .@-]*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@-]+(/[\w+=, .@-]+)*`

Required: No

## DomainValidationOptions

The domain name that you want ACM to use to send you emails so that you can validate domain ownership.

Type: Array of [DomainValidationOption](#) objects

Array Members: Minimum number of 1 item. Maximum number of 100 items.

Required: No

## IdempotencyToken

Customer chosen string that can be used to distinguish between calls to RequestCertificate. Idempotency tokens time out after one hour. Therefore, if you call RequestCertificate multiple times with the same idempotency token within one hour, ACM recognizes that you are requesting only one certificate and will issue only one. If you change the idempotency token for each call, ACM recognizes that you are requesting multiple certificates.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 32.

Pattern: \w+

Required: No

## KeyAlgorithm

Specifies the algorithm of the public and private key pair that your certificate uses to encrypt data. RSA is the default key algorithm for ACM certificates. Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm (ECDSA) keys are smaller, offering security comparable to RSA keys but with greater computing efficiency. However, ECDSA is not supported by all network clients. Some Amazon Web Services services may require RSA keys, or only support ECDSA keys of a particular size, while others allow the use of either RSA and ECDSA keys to ensure that compatibility is not broken. Check the requirements for the Amazon service where you plan to deploy your certificate. For more information about selecting an algorithm, see [Key algorithms](#).

### Note

Algorithms supported for an ACM certificate request include:

- RSA\_2048
- EC\_prime256v1
- EC\_secp384r1

Other listed algorithms are for imported certificates only.

### Note

When you request a private PKI certificate signed by a CA from Amazon Private CA, the specified signing algorithm family (RSA or ECDSA) must match the algorithm family of the CA's secret key.

Default: RSA\_2048

Type: String

Valid Values: RSA\_1024 | RSA\_2048 | RSA\_3072 | RSA\_4096 | EC\_prime256v1 | EC\_secp384r1 | EC\_secp521r1

Required: No

## ManagedBy

Identifies the Amazon service that manages the certificate issued by ACM.

Type: String

Valid Values: CLOUDFRONT

Required: No

## Options

You can use this parameter to specify whether to add the certificate to a certificate transparency log and export your certificate.

Certificate transparency makes it possible to detect SSL/TLS certificates that have been mistakenly or maliciously issued. Certificates that have not been logged typically produce an error message in a browser. For more information, see [Opting Out of Certificate Transparency Logging](#).

You can export public ACM certificates to use with Amazon Web Services services as well as outside the Amazon Web Services Cloud. For more information, see [Amazon Certificate Manager exportable public certificate](#).

Type: [CertificateOptions](#) object

Required: No

## SubjectAlternativeNames

Additional FQDNs to be included in the Subject Alternative Name extension of the ACM certificate. For example, add the name www.example.net to a certificate for which the DomainName field is www.example.com if users can reach your site by using either name. The maximum number of domain names that you can add to an ACM certificate is 100. However, the initial quota is 10 domain names. If you need more than 10 names, you must request a quota increase. For more information, see [Quotas](#).

The maximum length of a SAN DNS name is 253 octets. The name is made up of multiple labels separated by periods. No label can be longer than 63 octets. Consider the following examples:

- (63 octets).(63 octets).(63 octets).(61 octets) is legal because the total length is 253 octets (63+1+63+1+63+1+61) and no label exceeds 63 octets.

- (64 octets).(63 octets).(63 octets).(61 octets) is not legal because the total length exceeds 253 octets ( $64+1+63+1+63+1+61$ ) and the first label exceeds 63 octets.
- (63 octets).(63 octets).(63 octets).(62 octets) is not legal because the total length of the DNS name ( $63+1+63+1+63+1+62$ ) exceeds 253 octets.

Type: Array of strings

Array Members: Minimum number of 1 item. Maximum number of 100 items.

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 253.

Pattern:  $(\^.\.)?(((?!-[A-Za-z0-9-]\{0,62\}[A-Za-z0-9])\.\.)+((?!-[A-Za-z0-9-]\{1,62\}[A-Za-z0-9]))$

Required: No

## Tags

One or more resource tags to associate with the certificate.

Type: Array of [Tag](#) objects

Array Members: Minimum number of 1 item. Maximum number of 50 items.

Required: No

## ValidationMethod

The method you want to use if you are requesting a public certificate to validate that you own or control domain. You can [validate with DNS](#) or [validate with email](#). We recommend that you use DNS validation.

Type: String

Valid Values: EMAIL | DNS | HTTP

Required: No

## Response Syntax

```
{  
  "CertificateArn": "string"
```

}

## Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### [CertificateArn](#)

String that contains the ARN of the issued certificate. This must be of the form:

`arn:aws:acm:us-  
east-1:123456789012:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012`

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: `arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:acm:[\w+=/, .@-]*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@-]+(/[\w+=, .@-]+)*`

## Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors](#).

### **InvalidArnException**

The requested Amazon Resource Name (ARN) does not refer to an existing resource.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### **InvalidDomainValidationOptionsException**

One or more values in the [DomainValidationOption](#) structure is incorrect.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### **InvalidParameterException**

An input parameter was invalid.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## InvalidTagException

One or both of the values that make up the key-value pair is not valid. For example, you cannot specify a tag value that begins with aws:.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## LimitExceededException

An ACM quota has been exceeded.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## TagPolicyException

A specified tag did not comply with an existing tag policy and was rejected.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## TooManyTagsException

The request contains too many tags. Try the request again with fewer tags.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## Examples

### Request a public ACM certificate

This example illustrates one usage of RequestCertificate.

#### Sample Request

```
POST / HTTP/1.1
Host: acm.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
Accept-Encoding: identity
Content-Length: 171
X-Amz-Target: CertificateManager.RequestCertificate
X-Amz-Date: 20180326T215401Z
User-Agent: aws-cli/1.14.28 Python/2.7.9 Windows/8 botocore/1.8.32
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Authorization: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=AKIAIOSFODNN7EXAMPLE/20151222/us-east-1/acm/
aws4_request,
SignedHeaders=content-type;host;user-agent;x-amz-date;x-amz-target,
```

```
Signature=dbba4b1fa1199c011c0b781b94c97b14fbe75fa64dc6424232c903798d2a83b5
```

```
{
  "IdempotencyToken": "184627",
  "CertificateOptions": {
    "CertificateTransparencyLoggingPreference": "DISABLED"
  },
  "ValidationMethod": "DNS",
  "DomainName": "www.example.com"
}
```

## Sample Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
x-amzn-RequestId: 32c3ca21-3140-11e8-8ba0-f79627c5200e
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Content-Length: 104
Date: Mon, 26 Mar 2018 21:54:03 GMT

{
  "CertificateArn": "arn:aws:acm:us-east-1:123456789012:certificate/1ad574bd-eeb0-466e-b961-74ec8b405093"
}
```

## Request a private certificate

This example illustrates one usage of RequestCertificate.

### Sample Request

```
POST / HTTP/1.1
Host: acm.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
Accept-Encoding: identity
Content-Length: 305
X-Amz-Target: CertificateManager.RequestCertificate
X-Amz-Date: 20180331T173532Z
User-Agent: aws-cli/1.14.28 Python/2.7.9 Windows/8 botocore/1.8.32
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Authorization: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=key_ID/20180331/us-east-1/acm/aws4_request,
SignedHeaders=content-type;host;x-amz-date;x-amz-target,
Signature=11be86a0995ac158327fe8ccf6f44c19af7e6768fbafe0ec10e74436770272fa

{
```

```
"IdempotencyToken": "12563",
"CertificateAuthorityArn": "arn:aws:acm-pca:us-east-1:account:certificate-
authority/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012",
"DomainName": "www.example.com"
}
```

## Sample Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
x-amzn-RequestId: eaedc93a-3509-11e8-a99a-c76ec78904bf
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Content-Length: 104
Date: Sat, 31 Mar 2018 17:35:34 GMT
Connection: Keep-alive

{
  "CertificateArn": "arn:aws:acm:us-
east-1:account:certificate/88888888-4444-4444-4444-111111111111"
}
```

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon Command Line Interface](#)
- [Amazon SDK for .NET](#)
- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Go v2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for JavaScript V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Kotlin](#)
- [Amazon SDK for PHP V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Python](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# ResendValidationEmail

Resends the email that requests domain ownership validation. The domain owner or an authorized representative must approve the ACM certificate before it can be issued. The certificate can be approved by clicking a link in the mail to navigate to the Amazon certificate approval website and then clicking **I Approve**. However, the validation email can be blocked by spam filters. Therefore, if you do not receive the original mail, you can request that the mail be resent within 72 hours of requesting the ACM certificate. If more than 72 hours have elapsed since your original request or since your last attempt to resend validation mail, you must request a new certificate. For more information about setting up your contact email addresses, see [Configure Email for your Domain](#).

## Request Syntax

```
{  
    "CertificateArn": "string",  
    "Domain": "string",  
    "ValidationDomain": "string"  
}
```

## Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see [Common Parameters](#).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

 **Note**

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### [CertificateArn](#)

String that contains the ARN of the requested certificate. The certificate ARN is generated and returned by the [RequestCertificate](#) action as soon as the request is made. By default, using this parameter causes email to be sent to all top-level domains you specified in the certificate request. The ARN must be of the form:

```
arn:aws:acm:us-  
east-1:123456789012:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012
```

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:acm:[\w+=/, .@-]\*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@-]+(/[\w+=, .@-]+)\*

Required: Yes

## Domain

The fully qualified domain name (FQDN) of the certificate that needs to be validated.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 253.

Pattern: (\\*\.\.)?(((?!-[A-Za-z0-9-]\{0,62\}[A-Za-z0-9])\.\.)+((?!-[A-Za-z0-9-]\{1,62\}[A-Za-z0-9]))

Required: Yes

## ValidationDomain

The base validation domain that will act as the suffix of the email addresses that are used to send the emails. This must be the same as the Domain value or a superdomain of the Domain value. For example, if you requested a certificate for site.subdomain.example.com and specify a **ValidationDomain** of subdomain.example.com, ACM sends email to the the following five addresses:

- admin@subdomain.example.com
- administrator@subdomain.example.com
- hostmaster@subdomain.example.com
- postmaster@subdomain.example.com
- webmaster@subdomain.example.com

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 253.

Pattern: (\\*\.\.)?(((?!-[A-Za-z0-9-]\{0,62\}[A-Za-z0-9])\.\.)+((?!-[A-Za-z0-9-]\{1,62\}[A-Za-z0-9]))

Required: Yes

## Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response with an empty HTTP body.

## Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors](#).

### InvalidArnException

The requested Amazon Resource Name (ARN) does not refer to an existing resource.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### InvalidDomainValidationOptionsException

One or more values in the [DomainValidationOption](#) structure is incorrect.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### InvalidStateException

Processing has reached an invalid state.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### ResourceNotFoundException

The specified certificate cannot be found in the caller's account or the caller's account cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## Examples

### Resend Validation Email

This example illustrates one usage of ResendValidationEmail.

#### Sample Request

```
POST / HTTP/1.1
```

```
Host: acm.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
Accept-Encoding: identity
Content-Length: 167
X-Amz-Target: CertificateManager.ResendValidationEmail
X-Amz-Date: 20151222T170722Z
User-Agent: aws-cli/1.9.7 Python/2.7.3 Linux/3.13.0-73-generic botocore/1.3.7
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Authorization: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=key_ID/20151222/us-east-1/acm/aws4_request,
SignedHeaders=content-type;host;user-agent;x-amz-date;x-amz-target,
Signature=7ec7e70cd614724945545b22bc28296f77803d0c2524573d41c994668f07f435

{
    "CertificateArn": "arn:aws:acm:us-
east-1:111122223333 :certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-1234567890912",
    "Domain": "www.example.com",
    "ValidationDomain": "example.com"
}
```

## Sample Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
x-amzn-RequestId: 74bada6d-a8ce-11e5-82ad-d565a2aaa0b3
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Content-Length: 0
Date: Tue, 22 Dec 2015 17:07:18 GMT
```

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon Command Line Interface](#)
- [Amazon SDK for .NET](#)
- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Go v2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for JavaScript V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Kotlin](#)
- [Amazon SDK for PHP V3](#)

- [Amazon SDK for Python](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# RevokeCertificate

Revokes a public ACM certificate. You can only revoke certificates that have been previously exported.

## Important

Once a certificate is revoked, you cannot reuse the certificate. Revoking a certificate is permanent.

## Request Syntax

```
{  
    "CertificateArn": "string",  
    "RevocationReason": "string"  
}
```

## Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see [Common Parameters](#).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### CertificateArn

The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the public or private certificate that will be revoked. The ARN must have the following form:

arn:aws:acm:region:account:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: `arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:acm:[\w+=/, .@-]*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@-]+(/[\w+=, .@-]+)*`

Required: Yes

## RevocationReason

Specifies why you revoked the certificate.

Type: String

Valid Values: UNSPECIFIED | KEY\_COMPromise | CA\_COMPromise | AFFILIATION\_CHANGED | SUPERCEDED | SUPERSEDED | CESSATION\_OF\_OPERATION | CERTIFICATE\_HOLD | REMOVE\_FROM\_CRL | PRIVILEGE\_WITHDRAWN | A\_A\_COMPromise

Required: Yes

## Response Syntax

```
{  
    "CertificateArn": "string"  
}
```

## Response Elements

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response.

The following data is returned in JSON format by the service.

### CertificateArn

The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the public or private certificate that was revoked.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: `arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:acm:[\w+=/, .@-]*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@-]+(/[\w+=, .@-]+)*`

## Errors

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors](#).

### AccessDeniedException

You do not have access required to perform this action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### ConflictException

You are trying to update a resource or configuration that is already being created or updated. Wait for the previous operation to finish and try again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### InvalidArnException

The requested Amazon Resource Name (ARN) does not refer to an existing resource.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### ResourceInUseException

The certificate is in use by another Amazon service in the caller's account. Remove the association and try again.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### ResourceNotFoundException

The specified certificate cannot be found in the caller's account or the caller's account cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### ThrottlingException

The request was denied because it exceeded a quota.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon Command Line Interface](#)
- [Amazon SDK for .NET](#)
- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Go v2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for JavaScript V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Kotlin](#)
- [Amazon SDK for PHP V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Python](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# UpdateCertificateOptions

Updates a certificate. You can use this function to specify whether to opt in to or out of recording your certificate in a certificate transparency log and exporting. For more information, see [Opting Out of Certificate Transparency Logging](#) and [Amazon Certificate Manager Exportable Managed Certificates](#).

## Request Syntax

```
{  
    "CertificateArn": "string",  
    "Options": {  
        "CertificateTransparencyLoggingPreference": "string",  
        "Export": "string"  
    }  
}
```

## Request Parameters

For information about the parameters that are common to all actions, see [Common Parameters](#).

The request accepts the following data in JSON format.

### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### CertificateArn

ARN of the requested certificate to update. This must be of the form:

arn:aws:acm:us-  
east-1:account:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:acm:[\w+=/, .@-]\*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@-]+(/[\w+=, .@-]+)\*

Required: Yes

## **Options**

Use to update the options for your certificate. Currently, you can specify whether to add your certificate to a transparency log or export your certificate. Certificate transparency makes it possible to detect SSL/TLS certificates that have been mistakenly or maliciously issued. Certificates that have not been logged typically produce an error message in a browser.

Type: [CertificateOptions](#) object

Required: Yes

## **Response Elements**

If the action is successful, the service sends back an HTTP 200 response with an empty HTTP body.

## **Errors**

For information about the errors that are common to all actions, see [Common Errors](#).

### **InvalidArnException**

The requested Amazon Resource Name (ARN) does not refer to an existing resource.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### **InvalidStateException**

Processing has reached an invalid state.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### **LimitExceededException**

An ACM quota has been exceeded.

HTTP Status Code: 400

### **ResourceNotFoundException**

The specified certificate cannot be found in the caller's account or the caller's account cannot be found.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## Examples

### UpdateCertificateOptions

This example illustrates one usage of UpdateCertificateOptions.

#### Sample Request

```
POST / HTTP/1.1
acm.us-east-1.amazonaws.com
Accept-Encoding: identity
Content-Length: 185
X-Amz-Target: CertificateManager.UpdateCertificateOptions
X-Amz-Date: 20180326T222032Z
User-Agent: aws-cli/1.14.28 Python/2.7.9 Windows/8 botocore/1.8.32
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Authorization: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256 Credential=key_ID/20151222/us-east-1/acm/aws4_request,
SignedHeaders=content-type;host;user-agent;x-amz-date;x-amz-target,
Signature=7ec7e70cd614724945545b22bc28296f77803d0c2524573d41c994668f07f435

{
    "CertificateArn": "arn:aws:acm:region:account:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012",
    "CertificateOptions": {
        "CertificateTransparencyLoggingPreference": "DISABLED"
    }
}
```

## Example

This example illustrates one usage of UpdateCertificateOptions.

#### Sample Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
x-amzn-RequestId: e6f55ecb-3143-11e8-af72-0bd5049841d5
Content-Type: application/x-amz-json-1.1
Content-Length: 0
Date: Tue, 22 Dec 2015 17:07:18 GMT
```

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon Command Line Interface](#)
- [Amazon SDK for .NET](#)
- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Go v2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for JavaScript V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Kotlin](#)
- [Amazon SDK for PHP V3](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Python](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# Data Types

The Amazon Certificate Manager API contains several data types that various actions use. This section describes each data type in detail.

 **Note**

The order of each element in a data type structure is not guaranteed. Applications should not assume a particular order.

The following data types are supported:

- [CertificateDetail](#)
- [CertificateOptions](#)
- [CertificateSummary](#)
- [DomainValidation](#)
- [DomainValidationOption](#)
- [ExpiryEventsConfiguration](#)
- [ExtendedKeyUsage](#)
- [Filters](#)
- [HttpRedirect](#)
- [KeyUsage](#)
- [RenewalSummary](#)
- [ResourceRecord](#)
- [Tag](#)

# CertificateDetail

Contains metadata about an ACM certificate. This structure is returned in the response to a [DescribeCertificate](#) request.

## Contents

### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### CertificateArn

The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the certificate. For more information about ARNs, see [Amazon Resource Names \(ARNs\)](#) in the *Amazon General Reference*.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: `arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:acm:[\w+=/, .@-]*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@-]+(/[\w+=, .@-]+)*`

Required: No

### CertificateAuthorityArn

The Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the private certificate authority (CA) that issued the certificate. This has the following format:

`arn:aws:acm-pca:region:account:certificate-authority/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012`

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: `arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:acm:[\w+=/, .@-]*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@-]+(/[\w+=, .@-]+)*`

Required: No

### **CreatedAt**

The time at which the certificate was requested.

Type: Timestamp

Required: No

### **DomainName**

The fully qualified domain name for the certificate, such as www.example.com or example.com.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 253.

Pattern:  $(\ast\backslash.)?(((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]\{0,62\}[A-Za-z0-9])\backslash.)+((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]\{1,62\}[A-Za-z0-9])$

Required: No

### **DomainValidationOptions**

Contains information about the initial validation of each domain name that occurs as a result of the [RequestCertificate](#) request. This field exists only when the certificate type is AMAZON\_ISSUED.

Type: Array of [DomainValidation](#) objects

Array Members: Minimum number of 1 item. Maximum number of 1000 items.

Required: No

### **ExtendedKeyUsages**

Contains a list of Extended Key Usage X.509 v3 extension objects. Each object specifies a purpose for which the certificate public key can be used and consists of a name and an object identifier (OID).

Type: Array of [ExtendedKeyUsage](#) objects

Required: No

## FailureReason

The reason the certificate request failed. This value exists only when the certificate status is FAILED. For more information, see [Certificate Request Failed](#) in the *Amazon Certificate Manager User Guide*.

Type: String

Valid Values: NO\_AVAILABLE\_CONTACTS | ADDITIONAL\_VERIFICATION\_REQUIRED | DOMAIN\_NOT\_ALLOWED | INVALID\_PUBLIC\_DOMAIN | DOMAIN\_VALIDATION\_DENIED | CAA\_ERROR | PCA\_LIMIT\_EXCEEDED | PCA\_INVALID\_ARN | PCA\_INVALID\_STATE | PCA\_REQUEST\_FAILED | PCA\_NAME\_CONSTRAINTS\_VALIDATION | PCA\_RESOURCE\_NOT\_FOUND | PCA\_INVALID\_ARGS | PCA\_INVALID\_DURATION | PCA\_ACCESS\_DENIED | SLR\_NOT\_FOUND | OTHER

Required: No

## ImportedAt

The date and time when the certificate was imported. This value exists only when the certificate type is IMPORTED.

Type: Timestamp

Required: No

## InUseBy

A list of ARNs for the Amazon resources that are using the certificate. A certificate can be used by multiple Amazon resources.

Type: Array of strings

Required: No

## IssuedAt

The time at which the certificate was issued. This value exists only when the certificate type is AMAZON\_ISSUED.

Type: Timestamp

Required: No

**Issuer**

The name of the certificate authority that issued and signed the certificate.

Type: String

Required: No

**KeyAlgorithm**

The algorithm that was used to generate the public-private key pair.

Type: String

Valid Values: RSA\_1024 | RSA\_2048 | RSA\_3072 | RSA\_4096 | EC\_prime256v1 | EC\_secp384r1 | EC\_secp521r1

Required: No

**KeyUsages**

A list of Key Usage X.509 v3 extension objects. Each object is a string value that identifies the purpose of the public key contained in the certificate. Possible extension values include DIGITAL\_SIGNATURE, KEY\_ENCHIPHERMENT, NON\_REPUDIATION, and more.

Type: Array of [KeyUsage](#) objects

Required: No

**ManagedBy**

Identifies the Amazon service that manages the certificate issued by ACM.

Type: String

Valid Values: CLOUDFRONT

Required: No

**NotAfter**

The time after which the certificate is not valid.

Type: Timestamp

Required: No

### NotBefore

The time before which the certificate is not valid.

Type: Timestamp

Required: No

### Options

Value that specifies whether to add the certificate to a transparency log. Certificate transparency makes it possible to detect SSL certificates that have been mistakenly or maliciously issued. A browser might respond to certificate that has not been logged by showing an error message. The logs are cryptographically secure.

Type: [CertificateOptions](#) object

Required: No

### RenewalEligibility

Specifies whether the certificate is eligible for renewal. At this time, only exported private certificates can be renewed with the [RenewCertificate](#) command.

Type: String

Valid Values: ELIGIBLE | INELIGIBLE

Required: No

### RenewalSummary

Contains information about the status of ACM's [managed renewal](#) for the certificate. This field exists only when the certificate type is AMAZON\_ISSUED.

Type: [RenewalSummary](#) object

Required: No

### RevocationReason

The reason the certificate was revoked. This value exists only when the certificate status is REVOKED.

Type: String

Valid Values: UNSPECIFIED | KEY\_COMPROMISE | CA\_COMPROMISE | AFFILIATION\_CHANGED | SUPERCEDED | SUPERSEDED | CESSATION\_OF\_OPERATION | CERTIFICATE\_HOLD | REMOVE\_FROM\_CRL | PRIVILEGE\_WITHDRAWN | A\_A\_COMPROMISE

Required: No

### RevokedAt

The time at which the certificate was revoked. This value exists only when the certificate status is REVOKED.

Type: Timestamp

Required: No

### Serial

The serial number of the certificate.

Type: String

Required: No

### SignatureAlgorithm

The algorithm that was used to sign the certificate.

Type: String

Required: No

### Status

The status of the certificate.

A certificate enters status PENDING\_VALIDATION upon being requested, unless it fails for any of the reasons given in the troubleshooting topic [Certificate request fails](#). ACM makes repeated attempts to validate a certificate for 72 hours and then times out. If a certificate shows status FAILED or VALIDATION\_TIMED\_OUT, delete the request, correct the issue with [DNS validation](#) or [Email validation](#), and try again. If validation succeeds, the certificate enters status ISSUED.

Type: String

Valid Values: PENDING\_VALIDATION | ISSUED | INACTIVE | EXPIRED | VALIDATION\_TIMED\_OUT | REVOKED | FAILED

Required: No

## Subject

The name of the entity that is associated with the public key contained in the certificate.

Type: String

Required: No

## SubjectAlternativeNames

One or more domain names (subject alternative names) included in the certificate. This list contains the domain names that are bound to the public key that is contained in the certificate. The subject alternative names include the canonical domain name (CN) of the certificate and additional domain names that can be used to connect to the website.

Type: Array of strings

Array Members: Minimum number of 1 item. Maximum number of 100 items.

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 253.

Pattern:  $(\^*\.\.)?(((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]\{0,62\}[A-Za-z0-9])\.\.)+((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]\{1,62\}[A-Za-z0-9])$

Required: No

## Type

The source of the certificate. For certificates provided by ACM, this value is AMAZON\_ISSUED. For certificates that you imported with [ImportCertificate](#), this value is IMPORTED. ACM does not provide [managed renewal](#) for imported certificates. For more information about the differences between certificates that you import and those that ACM provides, see [Importing Certificates](#) in the *Amazon Certificate Manager User Guide*.

Type: String

Valid Values: IMPORTED | AMAZON\_ISSUED | PRIVATE

Required: No

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# CertificateOptions

Structure that contains options for your certificate. You can use this structure to specify whether to opt in to or out of certificate transparency logging and export your certificate.

Some browsers require that public certificates issued for your domain be recorded in a log. Certificates that are not logged typically generate a browser error. Transparency makes it possible for you to detect SSL/TLS certificates that have been mistakenly or maliciously issued for your domain. For general information, see [Certificate Transparency Logging](#).

You can export public ACM certificates to use with Amazon Web Services services as well as outside Amazon Web Services Cloud. For more information, see [Amazon Certificate Manager exportable public certificate](#).

## Contents

### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### CertificateTransparencyLoggingPreference

You can opt out of certificate transparency logging by specifying the DISABLED option. Opt in by specifying ENABLED.

Type: String

Valid Values: ENABLED | DISABLED

Required: No

### Export

You can opt in to allow the export of your certificates by specifying ENABLED.

Type: String

Valid Values: ENABLED | DISABLED

Required: No

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# CertificateSummary

This structure is returned in the response object of [ListCertificates](#) action.

## Contents

### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### **CertificateArn**

Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the certificate. This is of the form:

`arn:aws:acm:region:123456789012:certificate/12345678-1234-1234-1234-123456789012`

For more information about ARNs, see [Amazon Resource Names \(ARNs\)](#).

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 20. Maximum length of 2048.

Pattern: `arn:[\w+=/, .@-]+:acm:[\w+=/, .@-]*:[0-9]+:[\w+=, .@-]+(/[\w+=, .@-]+)*`

Required: No

### **CreatedAt**

The time at which the certificate was requested.

Type: Timestamp

Required: No

### **DomainName**

Fully qualified domain name (FQDN), such as `www.example.com` or `example.com`, for the certificate.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 253.

Pattern: `(\*\.\.)?(((?!-[A-Za-z0-9-]\{0,62\}[A-Za-z0-9])\.\.)+((?!-[A-Za-z0-9-]\{1,62\}[A-Za-z0-9]))`

Required: No

## Exported

Indicates whether the certificate has been exported. This value exists only when the certificate type is PRIVATE.

Type: Boolean

Required: No

## ExportOption

Indicates if export is enabled for the certificate.

Type: String

Valid Values: ENABLED | DISABLED

Required: No

## ExtendedKeyUsages

Contains a list of Extended Key Usage X.509 v3 extension objects. Each object specifies a purpose for which the certificate public key can be used and consists of a name and an object identifier (OID).

Type: Array of strings

Valid Values: TLS\_WEB\_SERVER\_AUTHENTICATION | TLS\_WEB\_CLIENT\_AUTHENTICATION | CODE\_SIGNING | EMAIL\_PROTECTION | TIME\_STAMPING | OCSP\_SIGNING | IPSEC\_END\_SYSTEM | IPSEC\_TUNNEL | IPSEC\_USER | ANY | NONE | CUSTOM

Required: No

## HasAdditionalSubjectAlternativeNames

When called by [ListCertificates](#), indicates whether the full list of subject alternative names has been included in the response. If false, the response includes all of the subject alternative

names included in the certificate. If true, the response only includes the first 100 subject alternative names included in the certificate. To display the full list of subject alternative names, use [DescribeCertificate](#).

Type: Boolean

Required: No

### **ImportedAt**

The date and time when the certificate was imported. This value exists only when the certificate type is IMPORTED.

Type: Timestamp

Required: No

### **InUse**

Indicates whether the certificate is currently in use by any Amazon resources.

Type: Boolean

Required: No

### **IssuedAt**

The time at which the certificate was issued. This value exists only when the certificate type is AMAZON\_ISSUED.

Type: Timestamp

Required: No

### **KeyAlgorithm**

The algorithm that was used to generate the public-private key pair.

Type: String

Valid Values: RSA\_1024 | RSA\_2048 | RSA\_3072 | RSA\_4096 | EC\_prime256v1 | EC\_secp384r1 | EC\_secp521r1

Required: No

## KeyUsages

A list of Key Usage X.509 v3 extension objects. Each object is a string value that identifies the purpose of the public key contained in the certificate. Possible extension values include DIGITAL\_SIGNATURE, KEY\_ENCHIPHERMENT, NON\_REPUDIATION, and more.

Type: Array of strings

Valid Values: DIGITAL\_SIGNATURE | NON\_REPUDIATION | KEY\_ENCIPHERMENT | DATA\_ENCIPHERMENT | KEY\_AGREEMENT | CERTIFICATE\_SIGNING | CRL\_SIGNING | ENCIPHER\_ONLY | DECRYPT\_ONLY | ANY | CUSTOM

Required: No

## ManagedBy

Identifies the Amazon service that manages the certificate issued by ACM.

Type: String

Valid Values: CLOUDFRONT

Required: No

## NotAfter

The time after which the certificate is not valid.

Type: Timestamp

Required: No

## NotBefore

The time before which the certificate is not valid.

Type: Timestamp

Required: No

## RenewalEligibility

Specifies whether the certificate is eligible for renewal. At this time, only exported private certificates can be renewed with the [RenewCertificate](#) command.

Type: String

Valid Values: ELIGIBLE | INELIGIBLE

Required: No

### RevokedAt

The time at which the certificate was revoked. This value exists only when the certificate status is REVOKED.

Type: Timestamp

Required: No

### Status

The status of the certificate.

A certificate enters status PENDING\_VALIDATION upon being requested, unless it fails for any of the reasons given in the troubleshooting topic [Certificate request fails](#). ACM makes repeated attempts to validate a certificate for 72 hours and then times out. If a certificate shows status FAILED or VALIDATION\_TIMED\_OUT, delete the request, correct the issue with [DNS validation](#) or [Email validation](#), and try again. If validation succeeds, the certificate enters status ISSUED.

Type: String

Valid Values: PENDING\_VALIDATION | ISSUED | INACTIVE | EXPIRED | VALIDATION\_TIMED\_OUT | REVOKED | FAILED

Required: No

### SubjectAlternativeNameSummaries

One or more domain names (subject alternative names) included in the certificate. This list contains the domain names that are bound to the public key that is contained in the certificate. The subject alternative names include the canonical domain name (CN) of the certificate and additional domain names that can be used to connect to the website.

When called by [ListCertificates](#), this parameter will only return the first 100 subject alternative names included in the certificate. To display the full list of subject alternative names, use [DescribeCertificate](#).

Type: Array of strings

Array Members: Minimum number of 1 item. Maximum number of 100 items.

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 253.

Pattern:  $(\^.\.)?((?!-[A-Za-z0-9-]\{0,62\}[A-Za-z0-9])\.\.)+((?!-[A-Za-z0-9-]\{1,62\}[A-Za-z0-9])$

Required: No

## Type

The source of the certificate. For certificates provided by ACM, this value is AMAZON\_ISSUED.

For certificates that you imported with [ImportCertificate](#), this value is IMPORTED. ACM does not provide [managed renewal](#) for imported certificates. For more information about the differences between certificates that you import and those that ACM provides, see [Importing Certificates](#) in the *Amazon Certificate Manager User Guide*.

Type: String

Valid Values: IMPORTED | AMAZON\_ISSUED | PRIVATE

Required: No

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# DomainValidation

Contains information about the validation of each domain name in the certificate.

## Contents

### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### **DomainName**

A fully qualified domain name (FQDN) in the certificate. For example, `www.example.com` or `example.com`.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 253.

Pattern: `(\*\.\.)?(((?!-[A-Za-z0-9-]\{0,62\}[A-Za-z0-9])\.\.)+((?!-[A-Za-z0-9-]\{1,62\}[A-Za-z0-9]))`

Required: Yes

### **HttpRedirect**

Contains information for HTTP-based domain validation of certificates requested through Amazon CloudFront and issued by ACM. This field exists only when the certificate type is `AMAZON_ISSUED` and the validation method is `HTTP`.

Type: [HttpRedirect](#) object

Required: No

### **ResourceRecord**

Contains the CNAME record that you add to your DNS database for domain validation. For more information, see [Use DNS to Validate Domain Ownership](#).

**Note**

The CNAME information that you need does not include the name of your domain. If you include your domain name in the DNS database CNAME record, validation fails. For example, if the name is `_a79865eb4cd1a6ab990a45779b4e0b96.yourdomain.com`, only `_a79865eb4cd1a6ab990a45779b4e0b96` must be used.

Type: [ResourceRecord](#) object

Required: No

**ValidationDomain**

The domain name that ACM used to send domain validation emails.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 253.

Pattern: `(\*\.\.)?(((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]\{0,62\}[A-Za-z0-9])\.\.)+((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]\{1,62\}[A-Za-z0-9])`

Required: No

**ValidationEmails**

A list of email addresses that ACM used to send domain validation emails.

Type: Array of strings

Required: No

**ValidationMethod**

Specifies the domain validation method.

Type: String

Valid Values: EMAIL | DNS | HTTP

Required: No

**ValidationStatus**

The validation status of the domain name. This can be one of the following values:

- PENDING\_VALIDATION
- SUCCESS
- FAILED

Type: String

Valid Values: PENDING\_VALIDATION | SUCCESS | FAILED

Required: No

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# DomainValidationOption

Contains information about the domain names that you want ACM to use to send you emails that enable you to validate domain ownership.

## Contents

### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### DomainName

A fully qualified domain name (FQDN) in the certificate request.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 253.

Pattern: `(\*\.\.)?(((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]\{0,62\}[A-Za-z0-9])\.)+((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]\{1,62\}[A-Za-z0-9])`

Required: Yes

### ValidationDomain

The domain name that you want ACM to use to send you validation emails. This domain name is the suffix of the email addresses that you want ACM to use. This must be the same as the DomainName value or a superdomain of the DomainName value. For example, if you request a certificate for testing.example.com, you can specify example.com for this value. In that case, ACM sends domain validation emails to the following five addresses:

- admin@example.com
- administrator@example.com
- hostmaster@example.com
- postmaster@example.com
- webmaster@example.com

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 253.

Pattern: `(\*\.\.)?(((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]{0,62}[A-Za-z0-9])\.\.)+((?!-)[A-Za-z0-9-]{1,62}[A-Za-z0-9])`

Required: Yes

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# ExpiryEventsConfiguration

Object containing expiration events options associated with an Amazon account.

## Contents

 **Note**

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### DaysBeforeExpiry

Specifies the number of days prior to certificate expiration when ACM starts generating EventBridge events. ACM sends one event per day per certificate until the certificate expires. By default, accounts receive events starting 45 days before certificate expiration.

Type: Integer

Valid Range: Minimum value of 1.

Required: No

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# ExtendedKeyUsage

The Extended Key Usage X.509 v3 extension defines one or more purposes for which the public key can be used. This is in addition to or in place of the basic purposes specified by the Key Usage extension.

## Contents

### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### Name

The name of an Extended Key Usage value.

Type: String

Valid Values: TLS\_WEB\_SERVER\_AUTHENTICATION | TLS\_WEB\_CLIENT\_AUTHENTICATION | CODE\_SIGNING | EMAIL\_PROTECTION | TIME\_STAMPING | OCSP\_SIGNING | IPSEC\_END\_SYSTEM | IPSEC\_TUNNEL | IPSEC\_USER | ANY | NONE | CUSTOM

Required: No

### OID

An object identifier (OID) for the extension value. OIDs are strings of numbers separated by periods. The following OIDs are defined in RFC 3280 and RFC 5280.

- 1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.1 (TLS\_WEB\_SERVER\_AUTHENTICATION)
- 1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.2 (TLS\_WEB\_CLIENT\_AUTHENTICATION)
- 1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.3 (CODE\_SIGNING)
- 1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.4 (EMAIL\_PROTECTION)
- 1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.8 (TIME\_STAMPING)
- 1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.9 (OCSP\_SIGNING)
- 1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.5 (IPSEC\_END\_SYSTEM)
- 1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.6 (IPSEC\_TUNNEL)
- 1.3.6.1.5.5.7.3.7 (IPSEC\_USER)

Type: String

Required: No

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# Filters

This structure can be used in the [ListCertificates](#) action to filter the output of the certificate list.

## Contents

### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### **exportOption**

Specify ENABLED or DISABLED to identify certificates that can be exported.

Type: String

Valid Values: ENABLED | DISABLED

Required: No

### **extendedKeyUsage**

Specify one or more [ExtendedKeyUsage](#) extension values.

Type: Array of strings

Valid Values: TLS\_WEB\_SERVER\_AUTHENTICATION | TLS\_WEB\_CLIENT\_AUTHENTICATION | CODE\_SIGNING | EMAIL\_PROTECTION | TIME\_STAMPING | OCSP\_SIGNING | IPSEC\_END\_SYSTEM | IPSEC\_TUNNEL | IPSEC\_USER | ANY | NONE | CUSTOM

Required: No

### **keyTypes**

Specify one or more algorithms that can be used to generate key pairs.

Default filtering returns only RSA\_1024 and RSA\_2048 certificates that have at least one domain. To return other certificate types, provide the desired type signatures in a comma-separated list. For example, "keyTypes": ["RSA\_2048", "RSA\_4096"] returns both RSA\_2048 and RSA\_4096 certificates.

Type: Array of strings

Valid Values: RSA\_1024 | RSA\_2048 | RSA\_3072 | RSA\_4096 | EC\_prime256v1 | EC\_secp384r1 | EC\_secp521r1

Required: No

### keyUsage

Specify one or more [KeyUsage](#) extension values.

Type: Array of strings

Valid Values: DIGITAL\_SIGNATURE | NON\_REPUDIATION | KEY\_ENCIPHERMENT | DATA\_ENCIPHERMENT | KEY AGREEMENT | CERTIFICATE\_SIGNING | CRL\_SIGNING | ENCIPHER\_ONLY | DECIPHER\_ONLY | ANY | CUSTOM

Required: No

### managedBy

Identifies the Amazon service that manages the certificate issued by ACM.

Type: String

Valid Values: CLOUDFRONT

Required: No

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# HttpRedirect

Contains information for HTTP-based domain validation of certificates requested through Amazon CloudFront and issued by ACM. This field exists only when the certificate type is AMAZON\_ISSUED and the validation method is HTTP.

## Contents

 **Note**

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### RedirectFrom

The URL including the domain to be validated. The certificate authority sends GET requests here during validation.

Type: String

Required: No

### RedirectTo

The URL hosting the validation token. RedirectFrom must return this content or redirect here.

Type: String

Required: No

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# KeyUsage

The Key Usage X.509 v3 extension defines the purpose of the public key contained in the certificate.

## Contents

 **Note**

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### Name

A string value that contains a Key Usage extension name.

Type: String

Valid Values: DIGITAL\_SIGNATURE | NON\_REPUDIATION | KEY\_ENCIPHERMENT | DATA\_ENCIPHERMENT | KEY\_AGREEMENT | CERTIFICATE\_SIGNING | CRL\_SIGNING | ENCIPHER\_ONLY | DECRYPT\_ONLY | ANY | CUSTOM

Required: No

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# RenewalSummary

Contains information about the status of ACM's [managed renewal](#) for the certificate. This structure exists only when the certificate type is AMAZON\_ISSUED.

## Contents

### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### DomainValidationOptions

Contains information about the validation of each domain name in the certificate, as it pertains to ACM's [managed renewal](#). This is different from the initial validation that occurs as a result of the [RequestCertificate](#) request. This field exists only when the certificate type is AMAZON\_ISSUED.

Type: Array of [DomainValidation](#) objects

Array Members: Minimum number of 1 item. Maximum number of 1000 items.

Required: Yes

### RenewalStatus

The status of ACM's [managed renewal](#) of the certificate.

Type: String

Valid Values: PENDING\_AUTO\_RENEWAL | PENDING\_VALIDATION | SUCCESS | FAILED

Required: Yes

### UpdatedAt

The time at which the renewal summary was last updated.

Type: Timestamp

Required: Yes

## RenewalStatusReason

The reason that a renewal request was unsuccessful.

Type: String

Valid Values: NO\_AVAILABLE\_CONTACTS | ADDITIONAL\_VERIFICATION\_REQUIRED | DOMAIN\_NOT\_ALLOWED | INVALID\_PUBLIC\_DOMAIN | DOMAIN\_VALIDATION\_DENIED | CAA\_ERROR | PCA\_LIMIT\_EXCEEDED | PCA\_INVALID\_ARN | PCA\_INVALID\_STATE | PCA\_REQUEST\_FAILED | PCA\_NAME\_CONSTRAINTS\_VALIDATION | PCA\_RESOURCE\_NOT\_FOUND | PCA\_INVALID\_ARGS | PCA\_INVALID\_DURATION | PCA\_ACCESS\_DENIED | SLR\_NOT\_FOUND | OTHER

Required: No

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# ResourceRecord

Contains a DNS record value that you can use to validate ownership or control of a domain. This is used by the [DescribeCertificate](#) action.

## Contents

### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### Name

The name of the DNS record to create in your domain. This is supplied by ACM.

Type: String

Required: Yes

### Type

The type of DNS record. Currently this can be CNAME.

Type: String

Valid Values: CNAME

Required: Yes

### Value

The value of the CNAME record to add to your DNS database. This is supplied by ACM.

Type: String

Required: Yes

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# Tag

A key-value pair that identifies or specifies metadata about an ACM resource.

## Contents

### Note

In the following list, the required parameters are described first.

### Key

The key of the tag.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 1. Maximum length of 128.

Pattern: [\p{L}\p{Z}\p{N}\_.:\\/+\\-@]\*

Required: Yes

### Value

The value of the tag.

Type: String

Length Constraints: Minimum length of 0. Maximum length of 256.

Pattern: [\p{L}\p{Z}\p{N}\_.:\\/+\\-@]\*

Required: No

## See Also

For more information about using this API in one of the language-specific Amazon SDKs, see the following:

- [Amazon SDK for C++](#)

- [Amazon SDK for Java V2](#)
- [Amazon SDK for Ruby V3](#)

# Common Parameters

The following list contains the parameters that all actions use for signing Signature Version 4 requests with a query string. Any action-specific parameters are listed in the topic for that action. For more information about Signature Version 4, see [Signing Amazon API requests](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

## Action

The action to be performed.

Type: string

Required: Yes

## Version

The API version that the request is written for, expressed in the format YYYY-MM-DD.

Type: string

Required: Yes

## X-Amz-Algorithm

The hash algorithm that you used to create the request signature.

Condition: Specify this parameter when you include authentication information in a query string instead of in the HTTP authorization header.

Type: string

Valid Values: AWS4-HMAC-SHA256

Required: Conditional

## X-Amz-Credential

The credential scope value, which is a string that includes your access key, the date, the region you are targeting, the service you are requesting, and a termination string ("aws4\_request").

The value is expressed in the following format: *access\_key/YYYYMMDD/region/service/aws4\_request*.

For more information, see [Create a signed Amazon API request](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

**Condition:** Specify this parameter when you include authentication information in a query string instead of in the HTTP authorization header.

Type: string

Required: Conditional

#### X-Amz-Date

The date that is used to create the signature. The format must be ISO 8601 basic format (YYYYMMDD'T'HHMMSS'Z'). For example, the following date time is a valid X-Amz-Date value: 20120325T120000Z.

**Condition:** X-Amz-Date is optional for all requests; it can be used to override the date used for signing requests. If the Date header is specified in the ISO 8601 basic format, X-Amz-Date is not required. When X-Amz-Date is used, it always overrides the value of the Date header. For more information, see [Elements of an Amazon API request signature](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

Type: string

Required: Conditional

#### X-Amz-Security-Token

The temporary security token that was obtained through a call to Amazon Security Token Service (Amazon STS). For a list of services that support temporary security credentials from Amazon STS, see [Amazon Web Services services that work with IAM](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

**Condition:** If you're using temporary security credentials from Amazon STS, you must include the security token.

Type: string

Required: Conditional

#### X-Amz-Signature

Specifies the hex-encoded signature that was calculated from the string to sign and the derived signing key.

**Condition:** Specify this parameter when you include authentication information in a query string instead of in the HTTP authorization header.

Type: string

Required: Conditional

### X-Amz-SignedHeaders

Specifies all the HTTP headers that were included as part of the canonical request. For more information about specifying signed headers, see [Create a signed Amazon API request](#) in the *IAM User Guide*.

Condition: Specify this parameter when you include authentication information in a query string instead of in the HTTP authorization header.

Type: string

Required: Conditional

# Common Errors

This section lists the errors common to the API actions of all Amazon services. For errors specific to an API action for this service, see the topic for that API action.

## **AccessDeniedException**

You do not have sufficient access to perform this action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## **IncompleteSignature**

The request signature does not conform to Amazon standards.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## **InternalFailure**

The request processing has failed because of an unknown error, exception or failure.

HTTP Status Code: 500

## **InvalidAction**

The action or operation requested is invalid. Verify that the action is typed correctly.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## **InvalidClientTokenId**

The X.509 certificate or Amazon access key ID provided does not exist in our records.

HTTP Status Code: 403

## **NotAuthorized**

You do not have permission to perform this action.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## **OptInRequired**

The Amazon access key ID needs a subscription for the service.

HTTP Status Code: 403

## **RequestExpired**

The request reached the service more than 15 minutes after the date stamp on the request or more than 15 minutes after the request expiration date (such as for pre-signed URLs), or the date stamp on the request is more than 15 minutes in the future.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## **ServiceUnavailable**

The request has failed due to a temporary failure of the server.

HTTP Status Code: 503

## **ThrottlingException**

The request was denied due to request throttling.

HTTP Status Code: 400

## **ValidationException**

The input fails to satisfy the constraints specified by an Amazon service.

HTTP Status Code: 400